

Work, Health and Safety Policy

Scope

This policy applies to children, families, staff, management, the approved provider, nominated supervisor, students and visitors of the Preschool.

Statement

Everyone has a right to be safe at work. Our Service is committed to creating and maintaining a safe and healthy environment for educators, staff, children, families and visitors. We ensure that educators and staff are aware of and meet their legal and ethical responsibilities as clearly documented in current National Regulations and Work Health and Safety laws. Our Work, Health and Safety Policy, procedures and practices ensure that management fulfils its responsibility to provide a safe workplace, without any negative impact on the health and wellbeing of employees; employees meet their health and safety obligations and are safe in the workplace; and the work environment supports quality early education and care.

Legislative requirements

NATIONAL QUALITY STANDARD (NQS)

QUALITY AREA 2: CHILDREN'S HEALTH AND SAFETY		
2.1	Health	Each child's health and physical activity is supported and promoted.
2.1.1	Wellbeing and comfort	Each child's wellbeing and comfort is provided for, including appropriate opportunities to meet each child's needs for sleep, rest and relaxation.
2.1.2	Health practices and procedures	Effective illness and injury management and hygiene practices are promoted and implemented.
2.1.3	Healthy Lifestyles	Healthy eating and physical activity are promoted and appropriate for each child.
2.2	Safety	Each child is protected.
2.2.1	Supervision	At all times, reasonable precautions and adequate supervision ensure children are protected from harm and hazard.
2.2.2	Incident and emergency management	Plans to effectively manage incidents and emergencies are developed in consultation with relevant authorities, practiced and implemented.
2.2.3	Child Protection	Management, educators and staff are aware of their roles and responsibilities to identify and respond to every child at risk of abuse or neglect.

EDUCATION AND CARE PRESCHOOLS NATIONAL REGULATIONS	
82	Tobacco, drug and alcohol-free environment
83	Staff members and family day care educators not to be affected by alcohol or drugs

168	Policies and procedures are required in relation to health and safety
171	Policies and procedures to be kept available

Related Policies

Administration of First Aid Policy Arrival, Departure and Access Policy Anaphylaxis Management Policy Child Protection Policy Control of Infectious Disease Policy Coronavirus COVID-19 Management Policy Emergency Evacuation and Lockdown Policy Excursion Policy	Hand Washing Policy Incident, Illness, Accident and Trauma Policy Immunisation Policy Medical Conditions Policy Nutrition and Food Safety Policy Sick Children Policy Sun Protection Policy Water Safety Policy
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Goal

To protect the health, safety and welfare of children, families, educators, and visitors within the Preschool adhering to moral and legal obligations outlined in the Work Health and Safety (WHS) laws. Our Preschool is committed to continuous improvement in all areas of workplace health, safety and wellbeing.

Strategies

All strategies detailed below will be implemented to the extent reasonably practicable.

Implementation

We believe that the provision of a safe working and learning environment for children, families, staff, and visitors are an integral and essential responsibility during the Service operation. Work Health and Safety regulations require the Approved Provider to eliminate risks in the workplace or if that is not reasonably practicable, minimise the risks so far as is reasonably practicable.

Our Service has a duty to consult with staff, visitors and families about work health and safety requirements and develop comprehensive policies and procedures to manage risks and hazards appropriately and effectively. All employees have a duty to take reasonable care for their own health and safety and to not adversely affect the health and safety of others.

Legislation

Each state and territory government have its own Work Health and Safety (WHS) laws and a regulator to enforce them. In NSW we are legislated by Work Health and Safety Act 2011 and Work Health (NSW) and regulated by SafeWork NSW.

Workers Compensation Obligations

Approved Providers will ensure the following to facilitate compliance of WH&S Laws and regulations relating to Workers Compensation obligations:

1. Hold workers compensation insurance
2. Provide information relating to how employees can make a claim. This may include displaying a poster related to injuries at work- check SafeWork NSW website for specific requirements
3. Provide information regarding a return-to-work program – check SafeWork NSW for specific requirements
4. Ensure staff incident reports are completed for all near-miss injuries or injuries, complete an injury register to record near-miss injuries and injuries.
5. Ensure staff injuries are reported to workers compensation insurer and state/territory WorkSafe within 48 hours. See each state or territory for information about injuries or serious incidents which are reportable to SafeWork NSW on Ph: 13 10 50.
6. Support the employee with the following:
 - a. Assist with Dr appointment and certificate of capacity
 - b. Identify suitable duties based on certificate of capacity
 - c. Consider modification of existing duties
 - d. Consider modification of the workplace
7. Assist with the participation of workers injury management plan upon return to work in consultation with insurer and medical practitioner, including providing suitable work conditions and alternative suitable employment if pre-injury role is unsuitable.

The Approved Provider and management are committed to:

- Providing all employees with a safe and healthy work and learning environment so far as is reasonably practicable
- Ensuring the health and safety of children in attendance at the Preschool so far as reasonably practicable
- Ensuring the health and safety of visitors, including contract workers and volunteers, whilst at the Preschool so far as reasonably practicable
- Providing and maintaining an environment free of risks or hazards to health and safety so far as is reasonably practicable
- Providing and maintaining an environment that is tobacco, alcohol and drug free
- Ensuring the provision of adequate facilities to protect all persons from risks to their health and safety, including access to adult toilets, provision of hand hygiene resources (soap and water, alcohol-based hand sanitiser, paper towel) and personal protection equipment (PPE) (disposable gloves, masks, glasses)
- Implementing a proactive process of risk management facilitating continuous improvement
- Ongoing consultation, collaboration and communication with all staff throughout the risk assessment process
- Implementing a strategic approach to health and safety by using measurable objectives to monitor performance
- Meaningful consultation with employees regarding work, health and safety issues
- Providing an effective and accessible safety management procedure for all employees to guide safe working and learning throughout the workplace
- Ensuring Safety Data Sheets (SDS) are provided for all hazardous chemicals used at the Preschool
- Supporting and promoting the health and wellbeing of employees
- Promoting dignity and respect within the Preschool and taking action to prevent and respond to bullying in its workplace

- Providing staff with appropriate information, training, and guidance to facilitate a safe and productive work and learning environment
- Notifying the regulatory authority within 24 hours of any incident, situation or event that has occurred and presented imminent or severe risk to the health, safety and/or wellbeing of any person present at the Preschool or if an ambulance was called in response to the incident/situation (not as a precaution)
- Investigating and managing any incident or accident to prevent further recurrence
- Providing return to work programs to facilitate safe and sustainable return to work for employees
- Providing a program of continuous improvement through engaging with industry and new technology and reviewing and updating policies and procedures
- Implementing safety management systems/ procedures
- Keep up to date about current health risks and implement risk minimisation measures to reduce the risk of transmission of viruses such as coronavirus (COVID-19)
- Maintain accurate records of all WHS issues and maintenance.

Nominated Supervisor, Educators and other Workers

Educators and other staff must ensure:

- The health and safety of children, families and visitors of the Preschool is paramount
- Policies and procedures are being followed and adhered to at all times
- That they observe, implement and fulfil the responsibilities under current Work Health and Safety Act and National Regulations
- That they participate in the review of WHS policies
- They take practical steps and responsibility for their own health and safety and of others affected by their actions at work
- Work, health and safety audits are conducted frequently to ensure the Preschool is maintaining a safe environment for children, families, staff and visitors
- Appropriate resources and procedures are in place to identify hazards, minimise risks and achieve work health and safety compliance
- They know the location of fire extinguishers, blankets and other safety devices and know how to use them
- Identified risks are assessed and controlled
- Management are notified of any incidents and accidents in the workplace as soon as practicable
- Workplace incidents are reported and investigated to ascertain the circumstances of the incident or accident and appropriate action is taken to prevent further incidents from occurring
- Correct record keeping procedures for incidents and accidents in WHS Reporting are followed
- Compliance with any reasonable instruction or lawful direction, including wearing personal protective equipment (PPE) supplied by the employer as required
- Areas identified for improvement are included in the Quality Improvement Plan (QIP)
- They participate in training and consultation with the support of management
- They follow the correct manual handling procedures
- That work areas are safe, and they will help reduce accidents to themselves and others
- All safety checklists are implemented as required on a regular basis
- Children's equipment is regularly checked for safety
- Children are supervised at all times
- All dangerous chemicals are stored appropriately
- Children are kept out of kitchen areas unsupervised
- All power points have safety plugs

- Appropriate care is taken with hot drinks around children
- Gates are closed and locked after entry/exit
- All spills are cleaned up immediately (to prevent slipping), following the correct cleaning procedure
- Reports and/or concerns about work health and safety are reviewed and responded to
- Current work health and safety knowledge is maintained

Families and others in the Preschool Environment

All families and other visitors to the Willoughby Community Preschool premises will:

- Take reasonable care of their own health and safety whilst visiting the Preschool
- Report any health and safety issues to management
- Participate in consultation in WHS issues affecting them
- Take reasonable care to ensure they don't affect the health and safety of other people (e.g. Health Declaration for Infectious Diseases)
- Comply to Preschool policies and procedures related to WHS, including actions to reduce the risk of transmission of infectious diseases or illnesses such as physical distancing (if recommended by the Australian Government Department of Health) personal hygiene practices and the exclusion of staff and visitors if unwell

Approved Provider/Nominated Supervisor as the Health and Safety Representative:

The Approved Provider/Nominated Supervisor nominated from time to time by Willoughby Community Preschool, also acts as the Health and Safety Representative (HSR) on duty. This is in line with requirements under WHS Legislation. Under these requirements, this individual will:

- Inspect the workplace as directed by management
- Be present and represent a staff member at an interview, with the Preschool Management and/or inspector regarding health and safety issues
- Monitor compliance measures
- Enquire into any risk to the health and safety of the staff at the Preschool
- Able to access any resources, facilities and assistance that is required to undertake their duties and complete appropriate courses and refresher training approved by the regulatory and at the expense of the Preschool.

Duty of Care

A duty of care is the legal obligation to provide reasonable care while performing any acts or making any omissions that could foreseeably harm others.

The duty encompasses a wide range of matters, including (but not limited to):

- provision of adequate supervision
- ensuring grounds, premises and equipment are safe for children's use
- implementing strategies to prevent bullying and
- providing medical assistance (if competent to do so) or seeking assistance from a medically trained person to aid a child who is injured or becomes ill at the Preschool.

The Approved Provider and Nominated Supervisor will ensure all practical steps are taken to ensure the health and safety of all educators, staff, volunteers, children, their families, and any other people impacted by the Preschool operations. This includes ascertaining and eliminating or minimising all realistically foreseeable hazards and providing suitable training and instruction for employees to ensure health and safety. Educators, staff, and volunteers will also take reasonable care for their own health and safety, ensuring their conduct does not adversely affect the health and safety of other people. Staff, educators, families and visitors are notified that smoking on or within our Preschool's

premises, including car parks, is prohibited. Educators and staff must not consume alcohol or be affected by alcohol or drugs (including prescription medication) so as to impair the educator’s capacity to supervise or provide education and care to children.

Hazard Identification

A hazard is a source of potential harm or a situation that could cause or lead to harm to people or property. Workplace hazards can be physical, chemical, biological, mechanical or psychological.

Potential Hazard	What does this include?	Example	Potential accident
Physical	Floors, stairs, steps, ladders, fire, falling objects, slippery surfaces, manual handling (lifting, pulling, pushing), noise, heat and cold, radiation, poor lighting, ventilation	Wet bathroom floors, lifting children for nappy changes.	Trips, slips and falls, Manual handling injury (soft tissue/back injury)
Mechanical and/or Electrical	Electricity, machinery, equipment, kitchen appliances, motor vehicles.	Frayed power cords or unplugged power points are an electrical hazard.	Fire, electric shock, electrocution
Chemical	Includes substances such as acids or poisons, cleaning agents, dusts and fumes.	Cleaning chemicals, Medication.	Fire, explosion, poisoning
Biological	Includes bacteria, viruses, mould, mildew, insects, vermin and animals.	Sick staff or children attending the Preschool, Contaminated food, mice infestation.	Cross-infection, food poisoning.
Psychological	Workplace stressors.	Bullying, children’s needs exceed skill or confidence of educators, insufficient management support.	High stress levels (staff and children), compromised care practices, failure to be inclusive.

Reference: Work Health and Safety in Education and Care Services PSC National Alliance (2012).

Risk Management

Risk Management is part of our Preschool's commitment to Work Health and Safety (WHS) to ensure that clear processes are in place for the identification of hazards, assessment of risks and implementation of control measures so far as reasonably practicable. Risk management plans include risk identification and risk assessment. Plans are reviewed regularly to ensure that they are effective in controlling risks.

Our Preschool will comply with WHS legislation and ensure all staff and visitors are aware of the potential hazards and risks and are provided with the necessary information and strategies to undertake to help keep them safe and healthy.

Risk Management is a systematic and methodical examination of potential risks and hazards within our working and learning environment. The process of risk assessment assist to:

- identify hazards
- assess who or what might be harmed and how
- evaluate the risks and deciding on appropriate control measures
- record findings
- review the effectiveness of exiting control measures regularly and update when necessary assessments regularly
- consult and communicate with all stakeholders- staff, families, visitors and community members.

Risks assessments are routinely conducted for emergencies including evacuation, lockdown, excursions and management of natural disasters such as bush fire, flood, cyclone and earthquake. *(see relevant policies for specific risk assessments)*

Additionally, risk assessments can be undertaken when presented with a hazard such as the potential health risk associated with exposure to coronavirus- COVID-19 and implement control measures to manage those risks.

Hazard Reduction

Educators and staff have responsibilities to take a risk management approach to all activities and plan for the safety of themselves and children. This may include:

- always work with safety in mind
- be aware of any hazards and report them immediately
- keep hallways and doors completely clear as an object could become a hazard in an emergency evacuation situation
- using resources appropriately
- open doors slowly
- do not stand on furniture (chairs or tables)
- do not lift and carry children
- walk, not run within the Preschool (particularly up and down stairs)
- adhere to sun protection guidelines
- ensure personal safety by wearing PPE, implementing hand hygiene procedures
- follow behaviour guidance plans to ensure personal safety and that of other children

Hazardous Materials

We strive to minimise the health and safety risks associated with the handling and storage of hazardous materials. We adopt a risk management strategy that enables practices that minimise the risk of harm, injury, or illness caused by any hazardous material.

As far as is reasonably practical, our Preschool will:

- provide the least hazardous chemical, product, or equipment for the task without jeopardising hygiene
- ensure that staff, contractors, students, and visitors are protected from both short- and long-term health effects of hazardous substances and processes
- ensure all staff, contractors, visitors, and students have access to Safety Data Sheets (SDS) and adequate training on the safe use and storage of all hazardous substances prior to any exposure to those substances.
- ensure that non-toxic plants are planted within the workplace and regular garden and grounds maintenance will be undertaken to minimise the risk of toxic plants within the grounds and premises.

Cleaning

Educators and staff must:

- adhere to the cleaning schedules and procedures within the Preschool including hand washing, use of gloves, colour coded mops/cloths
- follow manufacturer's directions for cleaning products and chemicals (see Safety Data Sheets- SDS)
- ensure a register of all hazardous chemicals, substances and equipment is used at the Preschool. The register should include where they are stored, their use, any risks, first aid instructions and the current SDS.
- Ensure that chemicals are never mixed together
- Ensure that chemicals and cleaning products are stored in original containers provided by the manufacturer
- all items are clearly labelled
- wash hands immediately if any chemical is spilled
- in the event of a chemical spill, isolate the area and advise the Nominated Supervisor
- wash hands thoroughly after using any chemical or disinfectant
- ensure containers are disposed of correctly following local council guidelines and not reused under any circumstances
- seek medical advice immediately if poisoning or potentially hazardous ingestion, inhalation, skin or eye exposure has occurred.
- Poisons Information Line 13 11 26 or call an ambulance on 000
- ensure emergency, medical and first aid procedures are carried out

Slips Trips and Falls

Children must be adequately supervised at all times. Identifying potential hazards such as sustaining an injury from play equipment or slipping on a wet surface should be considered through the risk assessment process. Establishing appropriate control measures for staff and children, assist in managing the possible risk.

All staff should:

- wear covered shoes with slip resistant soles and heels
- be alert for any object that could be a trip hazard
- pick up any objects sticking up from the floor or ground, so as not to cause injury

- ensure warning signs alerting others of wet and slippery floors are used
- immediately clean any spills to avoid slips and falls
- notify the Nominated Supervisor if a slip or fall is witnessed, whether it is a work colleague or visitor
- ensure the appropriate paperwork is completed (including notification to the Regulatory Authority if required).

Electrical Equipment Testing

Preschools must ensure that electrical equipment is tested by a qualified person on a regular basis which is recorded with a tag attached to the equipment tested. This must be kept until the equipment is next tested or disposed of and must specify:

- name of the tester
- date and outcome of the testing
- re-test date

Records will be maintained including details of electrical equipment tested, tag number, location, test date, pass/fail and when electrical equipment is due to be re-tested (the recommendations are for all equipment to be tested annually).

Maintenance of Fire Equipment

All fire equipment at our Preschool will be maintained as per the Australian Workplace Safety Standards. External agencies will be employed to conduct the maintenance of the fire equipment. Fire extinguishers will be inspected every six months.

Back care and Manual Handling

Our Preschool refers to [Safe Work Australia / Manual Handling](#) practices as part of our commitment to ensure a best practice approach. Educators are at risk of work-related ergonomic injuries, particularly back injuries, through carrying children, bending, reaching and not using adult sized furniture.

Manual handling is any activity requiring the use of strength used by the person to lift, lower, push, pull, carry or otherwise move, hold or restrain any person or object.

Manual handling injuries may be caused by the activities listed above. Injuries can include back strains, similar strains and sprains in parts of the body such as the neck, arm, shoulder and knee. Manual handling injuries also include overuse injuries or, because of falling during manual handling, bruising or laceration.

Recommendations

- Due to the physical demands of working with children, it is sensible to do warm-up exercises for three to five minutes before starting work particularly through the winter period as muscles and tendons are more likely to be damaged when cold. Simple exercises to warm and stretch all the major muscle groups will help prevent injury.
- To help prevent injuries, there are legal requirements for manual handling in the workplace.

The Approved Supervisor will:

- provide educators and staff with annual training in Manual Handling and Back Care
- make sure that equipment and containers are designed and maintained to be, as far as workable, safe and without risk to health and safety when manually handled
- make sure that the work practices involving manual handling and the work environment are designed to be, as far as workable, consistent with safe manual handling activities
- identify, assess and control all risks associated with manual handling in each workplace

- clearly mark any equipment which requires more than one person to lift or move it.

Preventing Manual Handling Injuries:

- Eliminate or reduce the amount of manual handling
- Reduce the amount of bending, forward reaching, and twisting, in all tasks
- Reduce worker fatigue
- Keep all equipment in good working order
- Keep the workplace environment safe

To help prevent manual handling injuries:

- Kneel rather than bend down
- Sit down with the children rather than bend over
- Sit in an appropriately sized chair or on the floor
- When lifting awkward loads, be careful to lift with a balanced and comfortable posture
- Minimise the need to reach above shoulder level
- If necessary, use a step ladder
- Avoid extended reaching forward
- For example, leaning into low equipment boxes
- Share the load if the equipment is heavy, long or awkward
- When sliding, pulling or pushing equipment that is not easy to move, e.g. trestles or gym mats, ask for help and organise a team lift
- Where possible, rearrange surroundings to meet the needs of both children and adults
- Remember these needs when buying furniture and equipment or upgrading facilities
- Use equipment and furniture that can be moved around as safely and easily as possible
- To complete lengthy writing tasks, e.g. program planning, sit at an appropriate adult sized chair at an adult sized table

Avoid Twisting when lifting:

Many injuries result from twisting while lifting. To avoid this:

- move equipment when children are not around
- rearrange storage so that it is easier and safer to replace and remove items
- lift only within the limits of your strength
- use equipment that is easy to move
- make sure you can see where you are going when carrying equipment or children

Avoid Accidents with 'good housekeeping':

'Good housekeeping' means fewer accidents. Check that:

- the floors and other walking surfaces are uncluttered, even and non-slip
- the workplace is tidy
- there is adequate space to perform each task
- equipment is maintained regularly
- lighting is adequate.

How to Lift Safely

- Place your feet in a stride position
- Keep your breastbone as elevated as possible
- Bend your knees
- Brace your stomach muscles
- Hold the object close to your centre of gravity, i.e. around your navel

- Move your feet not your spine
- Prepare to move in a forward-facing direction
- Ask for help when it is not possible to lift on your own

How To Organise a Team Lift

- Ask a colleague who is willing and able to help. Ideally the colleague should be well matched to you in size and strength.
- Agree on a plan of action. A coordinated movement during a lift is important
- Timing is important for co-ordination. One person should act as a team leader and 'call' the lift.

How To Assess the Correct Storage and Shelving Height

Correct storage and shelving height are important to prevent slips, falls and strains.

- The best height range for handling loads is around waist level
- The acceptable height for lifting is any point between the individual's knuckle and shoulder
- Seldom-used objects can be stored at the shoulder-to-raised arm height (use ladders to avoid stretching)
- Avoid storing objects at a level between an individual's knuckles and the floor
- Mechanical aids such as ladders and trolleys should be used where possible to avoid lifting

Risky/ Adventurous Play

Educators will provide an environment that encourages children to effectively learn in play which involves supporting them to take risks. No play space is risk free. It is important for children's development to become adventurous and participate in opportunities to explore and test their own capabilities, manage risk, and to grow as capable, resourceful, and resilient people.

Educators will assess the risks to children's safety and develop guidelines to encourage children to test their abilities within a safe environment.

When we find children exploring risky play, educators will supervise and assist when appropriate.

Children are to be made aware of the importance of health and safety issues, such as playing safely on equipment, walking in the indoor environment and washing hands after visiting the bathroom.

Resources

Child Care Centre Desktop: Work Health and Safety Manual

NSW: SafeWork NSW administers the Work Health and Safety legislation, and has several codes of practice on specific work safety issues which are available online at <https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/>

For further information see: <https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/>

Source

Australian Children's Education & Care Quality Authority. (2014).

Australian Children's Education & Care Quality Authority. (2012). PSC- National Alliance *How to- Work health and safety in education and care services*.

Australian Government. Department of Education, Skills and Employment. *Belonging, Being and Becoming. The Early Years Learning Framework for Australia*. (2009).

Early Childhood Australia Code of Ethics. (2016).

Guide to the Education and Care Services National Law and the Education and Care Services National Regulations. (2017).

Guide to the National Quality Framework (2017). (amended 2020).

National Health and Medical Research Council. (2012) (updated June 2013). *Staying healthy: Preventing infectious diseases in early childhood education and care services.*

Revised National Quality Standard. (2018).

Safe Work Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2011 (Cth).

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Review

POLICY REVIEWED	August 2022	NEXT REVIEW DATE	June 2023
MODIFICATIONS	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• policy maintenance - no major changes to policy• minor formatting edits within text• hyperlinks checked and repaired as required		
POLICY REVIEWED	PREVIOUS MODIFICATIONS	NEXT REVIEW DATE	
JUNE 2018	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Policy created and reviewed	JUNE 2022	